3: Whited G-5 (1890) 1894 NT15 River Yumans NT 15
Maricopa
Pima NU 29

Pi 133

The Gila river has a rapid current, with a fall of from 7 to 15 feet per mile, but in many localities the banks are 10 feet in height, necessitating the erection of large stone dams in order to carry the water high enough to reach some of the best land.

Pi R 162

PIMAS ON RESERVATIONS AND MARICOPAS ON SALT RIVER RESERVATION.

DETAILS.	Pimas.	Maricopas.
Living on Gila River reservation	3,839	.....
Living on Salt River reservation	661	335
Total	4,464	335
Children under 1 year of age	200	12
Children of school age	1,067	67
Married persons in tribe	1,216	100
Wearing citizens' dress wholly	1,664	215
Wearing citizens' dress in part	1,600	200
Over 20 years of age who can read	40	.....
Under 20 years of age who can read	16	1
Under 20 years of age who can write English	15	1
Can use English enough for ordinary conversation	120	3
Received medical treatment during year	650	3
Mixed blood	10	.....
Dwellings owned by Indians	500	37
Missionaries on reservation	2	.....
Indians (criminals) punished during the year	25	.....
By court of Indian offenses	20	.....
By other methods	5	.....

Pi R 231 241 433 434 492

PRODUCTS RAISED AND STOCK OWNED BY PIMA AND MARICOPA INDIANS IN THE YEAR 1889–1890.

PRODUCTS, ETC.	Number.	Value.
Total value of products raised	.....	$67,100
Bushels of wheat	60,000	45,000
Bushels of oats and barley	34,000	12,500
Bushels of corn	1,000	800
Bushels of vegetables	2,100	2,400
Melons	25,000	1,000
Pumpkins	10,000	1,100
Tons of hay cut	250	1,500
Total value of domestic animals	.....	37,450
Horses and mules owned by Indians	2,700	30,500
Cattle owned by Indians	1,600	27,000
Domestic fowls owned by Indians	3,000	700
Swine owned by Indians	80	250
Pounds of freight transported by Indians with their own teams	81,000	.....
Amount earned by freightage	.....	140
Value of products of Indian labor sold	.....	28,921

Pi R 137 313

TIMBER SUPPLY ON THE GILA AND SALT RIVER RESERVATIONS.—The principal timber is the mesquite, a low, scrubby tree, more or less scattered over both reservations, but growing more plentifully in the vicinity of the rivers. The wood, when dried, furnishes nearly all the fuel used by the officials and Indians.

Cottonwood grows along the rivers and irrigating ditches, and though of inferior value for fuel, yet, on account of its rapid growth and its value as a shade for irrigating ditches, protecting the water from the direct rays of the sun and thus preventing too rapid evaporation, it is an important factor in the timber supply.

Willows are plentiful near the water courses, and are utilized by the Indians in covering their huts and in fencing for corrals. The cat's claw, a thorny shrub, is extensively used by the Indians in building their rude brush fences, and it thus serves an admirable purpose.

Pi R 135

MINERAL RESOURCES.—Though the mining industry is carried on to quite an extent in various parts of the territory, producing quantities of gold, silver, and copper, it is not positively known that any deposits of